118TH CONGRESS	$\mathbf{C}$	
1st Session		
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To impose certain requirements relating to the renegotiation or reentry into the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action or other agreement relating to Iran's nuclear program, and for other purposes

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs.	Blackburn	introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	read	twice	and
	referred	to the Com	mitt	tee on						

## A BILL

- To impose certain requirements relating to the renegotiation or reentry into the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action or other agreement relating to Iran's nuclear program, and for other purposes
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Iran China Account-
  - 5 ability Act of 2023".
  - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

1	(1) The Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action,
2	signed at Vienna July 14, 2015, provided the Is-
3	lamic Republic of Iran with more than
4	\$100,000,000,000 in sanctions relief, circumventing
5	mandatory sanctions imposed pursuant to Acts of
6	Congress.
7	(2) In 2016, the United States delivered
8	\$400,000,000 in cash to the Islamic Republic of
9	Iran.
10	(3) On May 8, 2018, the United States with-
11	drew from the disastrous Joint Comprehensive Plan
12	of Action and implemented a campaign of maximum
13	economic pressure on the Islamic Republic of Iran,
14	which will continue until the regime—
15	(A) ends its nuclear program, its pursuit
16	of ballistic missiles, and its support of terrorism
17	and regional destabilization; and
18	(B) releases all United States hostages.
19	(4) The Islamic Republic of Iran and the Peo-
20	ple's Republic of China signed a 25-year strategie
21	economic cooperation agreement on March 27, 2021.
22	The relationship between the 2 countries is a stra-
23	tegic partnership that aims to advance the influence
24	of the People's Republic of China in the Middle
25	East.

1	(5) The strategic economic cooperation agree-
2	ment involves a transfer of \$400,000,000,000 from
3	the Chinese Communist Party to the Government of
4	the Islamic Republic of Iran.
5	(6) The Chinese Communist Party is commit-
6	ting an ongoing genocide against Uyghur Muslims in
7	the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region and sup-
8	pressing religious freedom throughout the People's
9	Republic of China.
10	(7) The Chinese Communist Party is sup-
11	pressing religious freedom by arbitrarily imprisoning
12	Christians, raiding house churches, and attempting
13	to shut down houses of worship not endorsed by the
14	Government of the People's Republic of China.
15	(8) The Government of the Islamic Republic of
16	Iran annually funds \$100,000,000 to the terrorist
17	organization Hamas to continue their mission of
18	jihad against the people of Israel.
19	(9) The United States Government—
20	(A) unequivocally condemns the terrorist
21	attacks incited by and originating from Israel
22	land currently occupied by Hamas; and
23	(B) recognizes the right of Israel to defend
24	itself from terrorist attacks incited by Hamas.

1	(10) The Government of the Islamic Republic of
2	Iran is complicit in the October 7, 2023, terrorist
3	attack against the people of Israel. By openly meet-
4	ing with senior leaders of Hamas after the terrorist
5	attack, the Government of the Islamic Republic of
6	Iran has publicly recognized their involvement such
7	Hamas-led terrorist attack.
8	(11) The Government of the Islamic Republic of
9	Iran is—
10	(A) perpetrating violence against its own
11	people, including through the killing of pro-
12	testers and the persecution of women and reli-
13	gious minorities; and
14	(B) involved in severe violations of human
15	rights throughout the Middle East, including by
16	supporting the brutal regime of Bashar al-
17	Assad in Syria.
18	(12) Since 2021, the People's Republic of China
19	has increased illicit oil purchases from the Islamic
20	Republic of Iran. Such oil purchases would be per-
21	mitted if the United States lifts sanctions with re-
22	spect to Islamic Republic of Iran and re-enters the
23	failed Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action. The Peo-
24	ple's Republic of China remains the largest oil cus-
25	tomer of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

(13) A portion of the oil that the People's Re-1 2 public of China buys from the Islamic Republic of 3 Iran and other suppliers is potentially being trans-4 shipped to the Democratic People's Republic of 5 Korea. 6 (14) The Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action 7 required that the United Nations arms embargo on 8 the Islamic Republic of Iran expire in October 2020, 9 which would have permitted the People's Republic of 10 China to sell arms to the Islamic Republic of Iran 11 and vice versa. (15) President Joseph R. Biden, Jr., has 12 13 sought to rejoin the Joint Comprehensive Plan of 14 Action or a similar agreement, including by under-15 taking talks with the Government of the Islamic Re-16 public of Iran and the other parties to the Joint 17 Comprehensive Plan of Action. 18 (16) Officials in the administration of President 19 Biden have acknowledged that rejoining a nuclear 20 agreement with the Islamic Republic of Iran would 21 entail an easing of the economic sanctions stipulated 22 by the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action.

1	SEC. 3. LIMITATIONS WITH RESPECT TO ANY IRAN NU-
2	CLEAR AGREEMENT.
3	(a) Limitations Prior to Entering Into Nego-
4	TIATIONS.—No Federal funds may be obligated or ex-
5	pended to enter into any negotiation with the Government
6	of the Islamic Republic of Iran with respect to an Iran
7	nuclear agreement until the President certifies to Con-
8	gress that—
9	(1) the Government of the Islamic Republic of
10	Iran has terminated—
11	(A) all agreements involving the transfer of
12	funds to such Government from the People's
13	Republic of China; and
14	(B) all agreements involving a strategic
15	military or security partnership with the Peo-
16	ple's Republic of China;
17	(2) the Government of the People's Republic of
18	China has ceased to incarcerate Uyghur individuals
19	in concentration camps in the Xinjiang Uyghur Au-
20	tonomous Region;
21	(3) the Government of the Islamic Republic of
22	Iran has terminated all ties and transfers of cash to
23	Iranian proxy forces, including Hamas; and
24	(4) the Government of the Islamic Republic of
25	Iran has verified the destruction of any and all
26	chemical weapons, materials, and infrastructure.

- 1 (b) Requirement for Contents of Agree-
- 2 MENT.—No Federal funds may be obligated or expended
- 3 for United States entry into any Iran nuclear agreement,
- 4 and the President may not take any action (including in
- 5 the form of an agenda, agreement, platform, or plan) to
- 6 carry out the goals of such an agreement, unless such
- 7 agreement certifies the destruction of any and all Iranian
- 8 nuclear and missile capabilities, weapons, infrastructure,
- 9 chemical weapons, and offensive cyber activity.
- 10 (c) RATIFICATION REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding any
- 11 other provision of law, any Iran nuclear agreement shall
- 12 be deemed a treaty subject to the requirement that the
- 13 Senate provide its advice and consent pursuant to article
- 14 II, section 2, clause 2 of the Constitution of the United
- 15 States. The President may not take any action (including
- 16 in the form of an agenda, agreement, platform, or plan)
- 17 to carry out the goals of such an agreement until the Sen-
- 18 ate has adopted a resolution of advice and consent with
- 19 respect to that agreement.
- 20 (d) Report Required.—The Secretary of State
- 21 shall submit to Congress, prior to the submission of a pro-
- 22 posed Iran nuclear agreement to the Senate for its advice
- 23 and consent in accordance with subsection (c), a report
- 24 setting forth the manner and extent to which the negotia-
- 25 tion and terms of such proposed Iran nuclear agreement

comply with each limitation and requirement under this 2 section. 3 (e) Iran Nuclear Agreement Defined.—In this section, the term "Iran nuclear agreement" means— 4 5 (1) the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action, 6 signed at Vienna July 14, 2015, by the Islamic Re-7 public of Iran and by the People's Republic of China, France, Germany, the Russian Federation, 8 9 the United Kingdom, and the United States, with 10 the High Representative of the European Union for 11 Foreign Affairs and Security Policy, and all imple-12 menting materials and agreements related to the 13 Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action; and

(2) any successor or other agreement exchanging relief from international sanctions for restrictions on the nuclear program of the Islamic Republic of Iran.

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